



Glossary Continued

Conjunction

The new connective! A word that links clauses within a sentence e.g. but, and, if, so, because, although...

It was raining but it wasn't cold.

We won't go out if the weather is bad.

Noun

A word that denotes somebody or something.

table, sister, money

Proper Nouns are for names of people, places, days of the week...

Personal pronoun I.

Kent, November, Emma

Phrase

A group of words that form a unit of meaning.

in a hurry, half an hour ago, once upon a time

Preposition

A word that can describe locations or relations of time.

The book is on the table.

Pronoun

A word that replaces a noun to avoid repetition e.g. I, me, he, him, she, her, we, us, they, them, it...

Verb

A doing word—an action or state of being.

running, playing eating

**GRAMMAR
AND
PUNCTUATION
IN K.S. 1**

A quick guide for parents.

*These are the main Grammar and Punctuation expectations for children in Year 1 and 2.
These skills are discretely taught in 15 minute lessons daily as well as part of other Literacy and topic work. Please refer to the glossary for definitions.*

Level 1

To use phrases and clauses to write sentences.

To link clauses in sentences using and.

To start sentences with a capital letter .

To use capital letters for names of people, places, days of the week and I.

To use . at the end of sentences.

To use finger spaces.

To check sentences make sense.

Begin to use ? !

Begin to use adjectives.

To use pronouns e.g. I/me, you, her/she, he/him, we/us, they/them, it.

Level 2

To write compound sentences.

To start sentences in different ways.

To use adverbs, nouns and adjectives accurately in a sentence.

Link clauses with and, but or so.

To use the past/present tense accurately.

To use ? !

To use commas in lists.

To use ' for shortening words e.g. can't, don't..

Glossary

Adjective

A word that describes somebody or something. Adjectives come before a noun or after verbs.

Old, white, busy, careful, horrible.

Adverb

Give extra meaning to a verb.

She's really nice!

Many adverbs are formed by adding 'ly' to an adjective e.g. quickly.

Clause

A group of words forming part of a sentence or a whole sentence

Hilary yawned.

A clause contains a noun and a verb: Hilary = noun yawned = verb,

Complex Sentence

A sentence with a main clause and a subordinate clause.

When it began to rain, the children came in from the playground.

subordinate clause ↓ main clause ↓ (it can stand alone).

Compound Sentence

Two or more clauses joined together by a conjunction

Hilary yawed because she was tired.